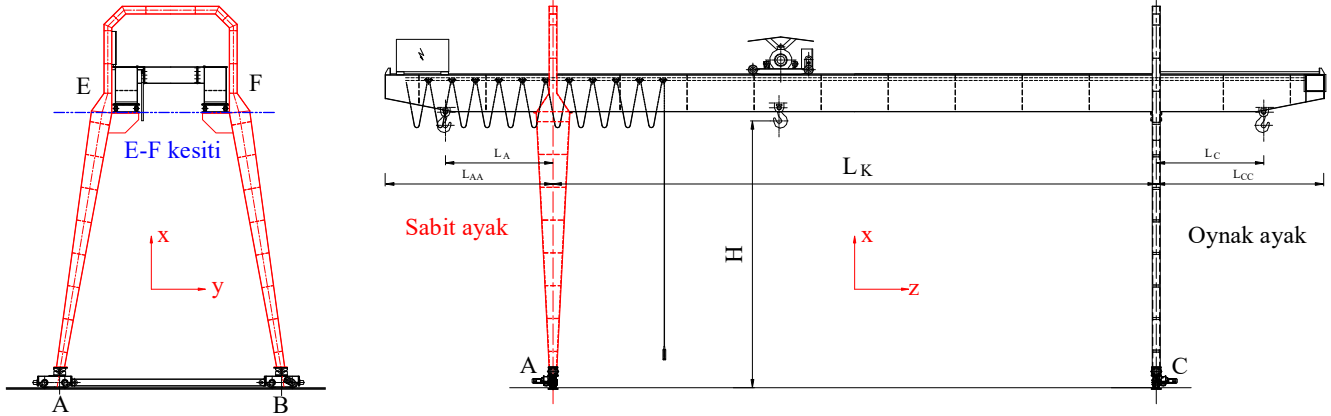


Portal vinç kiriş altı sabit ayak

- ➔ Reference:C:\0\43_01_01_PV_320kN_18m_00_Giris.xmcd
- ➔ Reference:C:\0\43_01_01_PV_320kN_18m_01_Kiris_ve_UB_Genel.xmcd
- ➔ Reference:C:\0\43_01_01_PV_320kN_18m_02_0_Ayak_Ondegerleri.xmcd

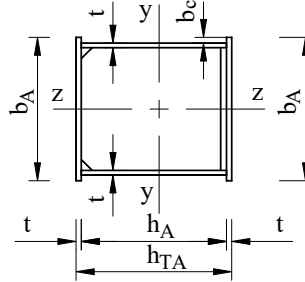
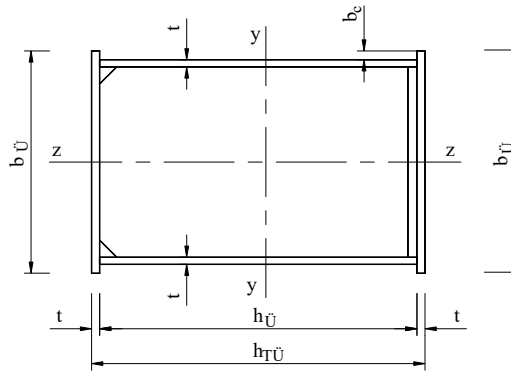
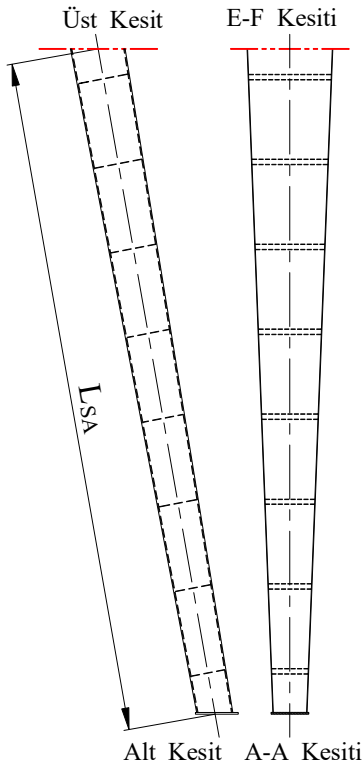
40

Sabit Ayak



Sabit ayak konstrüksiyonu ve hesabı:

Ekonomik konstrüksiyon için ayak alt kesitinin montaj ölçüleri oynak ayığın aynısı alınır



$$h_{TA} := h_A + 2 \cdot t$$

$$z_A := 0.5 \cdot (h_A + t)$$

$$b_A := 300 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_A := 300 \text{ mm}$$

$$t := 6 \text{ mm}$$

$$b_C := 10 \text{ mm}$$

$$h_{TA} = 312 \text{ mm}$$

$$z_A = 153 \text{ mm}$$

$$J_{yA} := 2 \cdot \frac{b_A \cdot t^3}{12} + 2 \cdot \frac{t \cdot h_A^3}{12} + 2 \cdot t \cdot b_A \cdot z_A^2$$

$$W_{yA} := \frac{2 \cdot J_{yA}}{h_{TA}}$$

$$J_{yA} = 111.283 \cdot 10^6 \cdot \text{mm}^4$$

$$W_{yA} = 713.354 \cdot 10^3 \cdot \text{mm}^3$$

$$A_A := 2 \cdot t \cdot (b_A + h_A)$$

$$y_A := 0.5 \cdot (b_A - t) - b_{\phi}$$

$$J_{zA} := 2 \cdot \frac{b_A^3 \cdot t}{12} + 2 \cdot \frac{t^3 \cdot h_A}{12} + 2 \cdot t \cdot h_A \cdot y_A^2$$

$$W_{zA} := \frac{2 \cdot J_{zA}}{b_A}$$

$$A_A = 7200 \cdot \text{mm}^2$$

$$y_A = 137 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$J_{zA} = 94.6 \cdot 10^6 \cdot \text{mm}^4$$

$$W_{zA} = 630.5 \cdot 10^3 \cdot \text{mm}^3$$

$$J_{yK} := J_y$$

$$k_{xz} := \frac{L_K^2}{J_{yK}}$$

$$k_{xz} = 46083 \frac{1}{\text{m}^2}$$

$$k_{xy} := \frac{L_{AR}^2}{J_{uY}}$$

$$k_{xy} = 1492 \frac{1}{\text{m}^2}$$

$k_{xz} > k_{xy}$ olduğundan hesaplar xz kesitinde yapılacaktır.

Eğik ayak boyu

$$\alpha_{SA} := 9.180 \cdot \text{deg}$$

$$L_{SA} := o_{SA} \cdot \cos(\alpha_{SA})^{-1}$$

Kesit E:

$$b_E := 780 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$h_E := 780 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$o_{SA} := 7700 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$L_{SA} = 7800 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$f_{EM} = 213.6 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

Faktörler:

$$k_{8b} := \frac{b_E}{b_A}$$

$$k_{8b} = 2.60000$$

$$k_b := \frac{k_{8b} - 1}{L_{SA}}$$

$$k_b = 0.2051 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

$$k_{8h} := \frac{h_E}{h_A}$$

$$k_{8h} = 2.60000$$

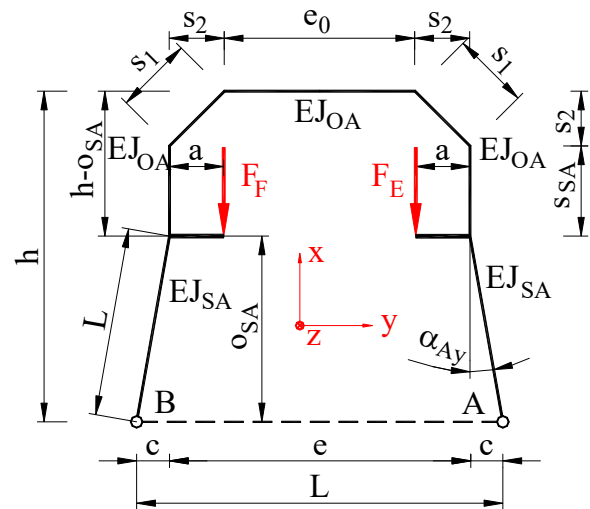
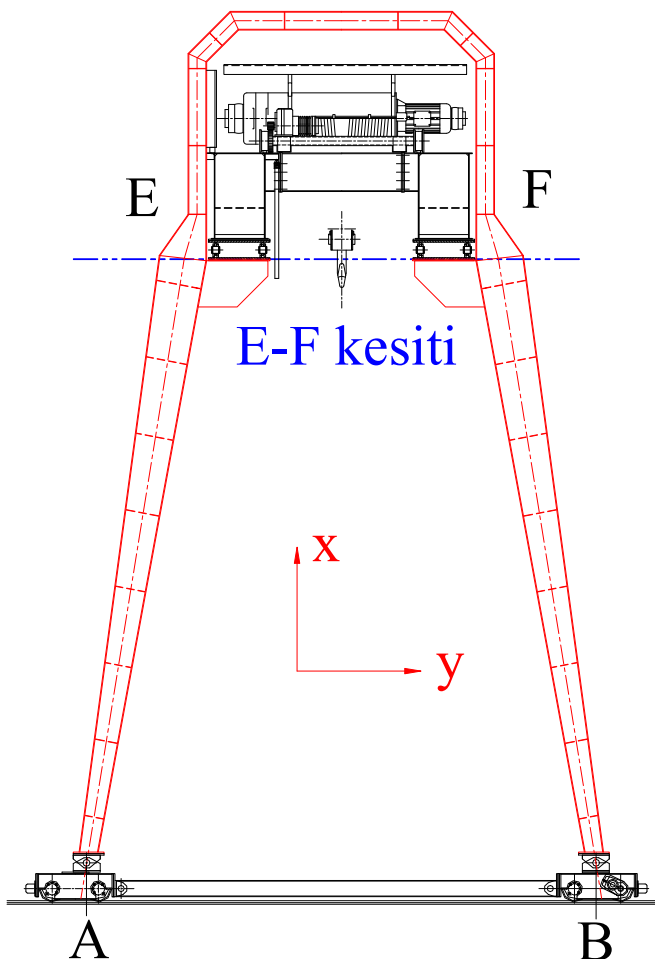
$$k_h := \frac{k_{8h} - 1}{L_{SA}}$$

$$k_h = 0.2051 \text{ m}^{-1}$$

Bütün değerler
konstrüksiyon
resminden alınmıştır.

$$A_E := 2 \cdot t \cdot (b_E + h_E)$$

$$A_E = 18720 \cdot \text{mm}^2$$



Konstrüksiyondan bilinen değerler:

$$L_1 := 6570 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$h := 10800 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$e_0 := 2780 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$a_S := 950 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$s_{SA} := 2440 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$s_{1SA} := 925 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$s_{2SA} := 660 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$c_{SA} = 1261 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$c_{SA} := L_{SA} \cdot \tan(\alpha_{SA})$$

E ve F dayanağındaki kuvvetler kiriş altı ayak
konstrüksiyonunun aynısıdır ve E ve F
noktalarındaki zorlamalar eşittir ve $F_{xÜ}$ denir.

$$F_{xG} = F_{xH} = F_{xÜ}$$

$$F_{xÜ} = 322 \cdot \text{kN}$$

Malzeme = "St 37"

Emniyetli akma mukavemeti

$$E = 2.1 \times 10^5 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$f_{EM} = 214 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

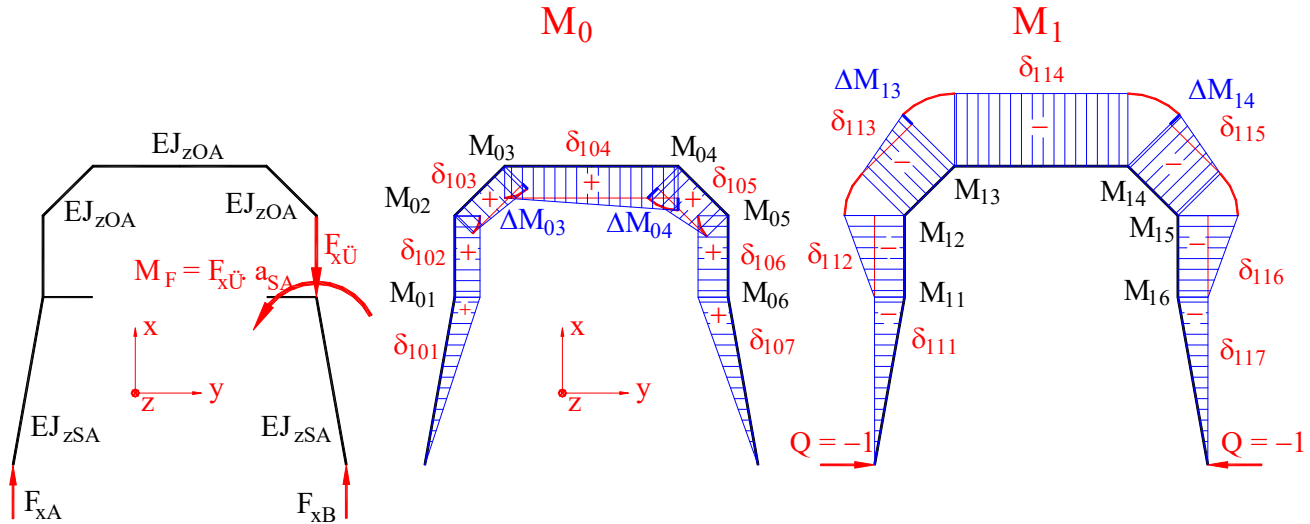
$$J_{zOA} := 112 \cdot 10^6 \cdot \text{mm}^4$$

Sabit ayakları çerçevelerden etkileyen kuvvetler:

Burada $F_F = F_E$ olduğundan hesabı bir kuvvetle yapıp iki katını alalım. Eğer kuvvetler eşit değilse her kuvvet için hesap yapıp değerler toplanır.

Hakiki Hareket Durumu HHD

Virtüel Yükleme Durumu VYD



$$F_{xA} := F_{xÜ} \cdot \frac{(a_S + c_{SA})}{L_1}$$

$$F_{xB} := F_{xÜ} \cdot \frac{L_1 - (a_S + c_{SA})}{L_1}$$

$$F_{xA} = 108.224 \cdot \text{kN}$$

$$F_{xB} = 213.435 \cdot \text{kN}$$

$$X_{1SA} = H_A = H_B$$

$$X_{1SA} = -\frac{\delta_{10}}{\delta_{11}}$$

$$\delta_{10} = \delta_{101} + \delta_{102} + \delta_{103} + \delta_{104} + \delta_{105} + \delta_{106} + \delta_{107}$$

$$Q := -1$$

$$M_E := F_{xÜ} \cdot a_S$$

$$M_E = 305.576 \cdot \text{m} \cdot \text{kN}$$

$$M_{01SA} := F_{xA} \cdot c_{SA}$$

$$M_{01SA} = 136.418 \cdot \text{m} \cdot \text{kN}$$

$$M_{11SA} := Q \cdot o_{SA} \quad M_{11SA} = -7.7 \cdot \text{m}$$

$$M_{02SA} := F_{xA} \cdot c_{SA}$$

$$M_{02SA} = 136.418 \cdot \text{m} \cdot \text{kN}$$

$$M_{12SA} := Q \cdot (h - s_{2SA}) \quad M_{12SA} = -10.14 \cdot \text{m}$$

$$M_{03SA} := F_{xA} \cdot (c_{SA} + s_{2SA})$$

$$M_{03SA} = 207.846 \cdot \text{m} \cdot \text{kN}$$

$$M_{13SA} := Q \cdot h \quad M_{13SA} = -10.8 \cdot \text{m}$$

$$\Delta M_{03SA} := M_{03SA} - M_{02SA}$$

$$\Delta M_{03SA} = 71.428 \cdot \text{kN} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$\Delta M_{13SA} := M_{13SA} - M_{12SA}$$

$$\Delta M_{13SA} = -0.66 \cdot \text{m}$$

$$M_{06SA} := F_{xB} \cdot c_{SA} + F_{xÜ} \cdot a_S$$

$$M_{06SA} = 574.613 \cdot \text{m} \cdot \text{kN}$$

$$M_{14SA} := M_{13SA} \quad M_{14SA} = -10.8 \cdot \text{m}$$

$$M_{05SA} := M_{06SA}$$

$$M_{05SA} = 574.613 \cdot \text{m} \cdot \text{kN}$$

$$\Delta M_{14SA} := M_{13SA} - M_{12SA}$$

$$\Delta M_{13SA} = -0.66 \cdot \text{m}$$

$$M_{04SA} := F_{xÜ} \cdot a_S + F_{xB} \cdot (c_{SA} + s_{2SA})$$

$$M_{04SA} = 715.48 \cdot \text{m} \cdot \text{kN}$$

$$M_{15SA} := M_{12SA}$$

$$M_{15SA} = -10.14 \cdot \text{m}$$

$$\Delta M_{04SA} := M_{04SA} - M_{03SA}$$

$$\Delta M_{04SA} = 507.635 \cdot \text{kN} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$M_{16SA} := M_{11SA}$$

$$M_{16SA} = -7.7 \cdot \text{m}$$

$$\Delta M_{12SA} := M_{12SA} - M_{11SA}$$

$$\Delta M_{12SA} = -2.44 \cdot \text{m}$$

$$\Delta M_{15SA} := M_{15SA} - M_{16SA}$$

$$\Delta M_{15SA} = -2.44 \cdot \text{m}$$

Burada hesap şeklini daha iyi anlayabilmek için, hesabı detaylı yapalım.

$$x := L_{SA}$$

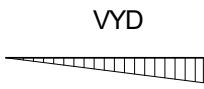
***x* e bağlı Eylemsizlik ve karşı koyma momentleri:**

$$J_{ySAx} = \frac{t}{6} \left[b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x) \cdot t^2 + \left[h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x) \right]^3 + 3 \cdot b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x) \cdot \left[h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x) + t \right]^2 \right]$$

$$W_{yx} = \frac{2 \cdot J_{yx}}{h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x) + 2 \cdot t}$$

$$J_{zSAx} = \frac{t}{6} \left[b_A^3 \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x)^3 + t^2 \cdot h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x) + 3 \cdot h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x) \cdot \left[b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x) - t - b_c \right]^2 \right]$$

$$W_{zx} = \frac{2 \cdot J_{zx}}{b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x)}$$

***δ*_{101SA} nın değeri**

$$\delta_{101SA} = \int_0^{L_{SA}} M_{01SA} \cdot M_{11SA} \cdot \frac{1}{E \cdot J_{zSAx}} dx$$

EJ x e göre değiştiğinden normal integral yapılır.

$$\delta_{101SA} := \int_0^{L_{SA}} \frac{M_{01SA} \cdot M_{11SA}}{E \cdot \frac{t}{6} \left[b_A^3 \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x)^3 + t^2 \cdot h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x) + 3 \cdot h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x) \cdot \left[b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x) - t - b_c \right]^2 \right]} dx$$

$$\delta_{101SA} = -0.102 \text{ m}$$

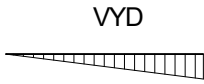
***δ*_{102SA} nın değeri**

$$\delta_{102SA} = \delta_{102SAa} + \delta_{102SAb}$$

Burada VYD deki moment dağılımını kısımında düşünebiliriz.

a) ve b) olarak iki

*δ*_{102SAa} nın değeri:



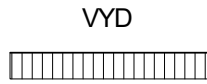
$$\delta_{102SAa} = \int_0^{s_{SA}} M_{02SA} \cdot \Delta M_{12SA} \cdot \frac{1}{E \cdot J_{zOA}} dx$$

EJ sabit olduğundan integral tablosundan

$$\delta_{102SAa} := \frac{1}{2} \cdot M_{02SA} \cdot \Delta M_{12SA} \cdot \frac{s_{SA}}{E \cdot J_{zOA}}$$

$$\delta_{102SAa} = -0.017 \text{ m}$$

*δ*_{102SAb} nın değeri:



$$\delta_{102SAb} = \int_0^{s_{SA}} M_{02SA} \cdot M_{11SA} \cdot \frac{1}{E \cdot J_{zOA}} dx$$

EJ sabit olduğundan integral tablosundan

$$\delta_{102SAb} := M_{02SA} \cdot M_{11SA} \cdot \frac{s_{SA}}{E \cdot J_{zOA}}$$

$$\delta_{102SAb} = -0.109 \text{ m}$$

$$\delta_{102SA} := \delta_{102SAa} + \delta_{102SAb}$$

$$\delta_{102SA} = -0.126 \text{ m}$$

***δ*_{103OA} nın değeri**

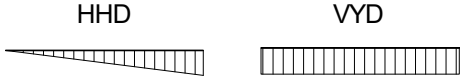
EJ sabit olduğundan integral tablosundan

$$\delta_{103SA} := \frac{1}{6} \left[M_{01SA} \cdot (2 \cdot M_{11SA} + M_{12SA}) + M_{02SA} \cdot (M_{11SA} + 2M_{12SA}) \right] \cdot \frac{s_{1SA}}{E \cdot J_{zOA}} \quad \delta_{103SA} = -0.048 \text{ m}$$

 δ_{104SA} nin değeri

$$\delta_{104SA} = \delta_{104SAa} + \delta_{104SAb}$$

δ_{104SAa} nin değeri:



$$\delta_{104SAa} = \int_0^{e_0} \Delta M_{04SA} \cdot M_{14SA} \, dx$$

EJ sabit olduğundan
integral tablosundan

$$\delta_{104SAa} := \frac{1}{2} \cdot \Delta M_{04SA} \cdot M_{14SA} \cdot \frac{e_0}{E \cdot J_{zOA}} \quad \delta_{104SAa} = -0.324 \text{ m}$$

δ_{104SAb} nin değeri:



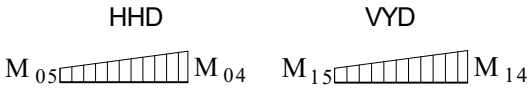
$$\delta_{104SAb} = \int_0^{e_0} M_{03SA} \cdot M_{14SA} \, dx$$

EJ sabit olduğundan
integral tablosundan

$$\delta_{104SAb} := M_{03SA} \cdot M_{14SA} \cdot \frac{e_0}{E \cdot J_{zOA}} \quad \delta_{104SAb} = -0.265 \text{ m}$$

$$\delta_{104SA} := \delta_{104SAa} + \delta_{104SAb}$$

$$\boxed{\delta_{104SA} = -0.589 \text{ m}}$$

 δ_{105SA} nin değeri

EJ sabit olduğundan integral tablosundan

$$\delta_{105SA} := \frac{1}{6} \left[M_{05SA} \cdot (2 \cdot M_{15SA} + M_{14SA}) + M_{04SA} \cdot (M_{15SA} + 2M_{14SA}) \right] \cdot \frac{s_{1SA}}{E \cdot J_{zOA}} \quad \delta_{105SA} = -0.048 \text{ m}$$

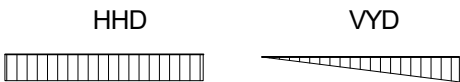
 δ_{106SA} nin değeri

$$\delta_{106SA} = \delta_{106SAa} + \delta_{106SAb}$$

Burada VYD deki moment dağılımını
kısmında düşünebiliriz.

a) ve b) olarak iki

δ_{106SAa} nin değeri:




$$\delta_{106SAa} = \int_0^{s_{SA}} M_{05SA} \cdot \Delta M_{15SA} \cdot \frac{1}{E \cdot J_{zOA}} \, dx$$

EJ sabit olduğundan
integral tablosundan

$$\delta_{106SAa} := \frac{1}{2} \cdot M_{05SA} \cdot \Delta M_{15SA} \cdot \frac{s_{SA}}{E \cdot J_{zOA}} \quad \delta_{106SAa} = -0.073 \text{ m}$$

δ_{106SAb} nın değeri:

HHD VYD



$$\delta_{106SAb} = \int_0^{s_{SA}} M_{05SA} \cdot M_{16SA} \cdot \frac{1}{E \cdot J_{zOA}} dx$$

EJ sabit olduğundan integral tablosundan

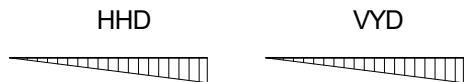
$$\delta_{106SAb} := M_{05SA} \cdot M_{16SA} \cdot \frac{s_{SA}}{E \cdot J_{zOA}} \quad \delta_{106SAb} = -0.459 \text{ m}$$

$$\delta_{106SA} := \delta_{106SAa} + \delta_{106SAb}$$

$$\delta_{106SA} = -0.532 \text{ m}$$

δ_{107SA} nın değeri

HHD VYD



$$\delta_{107SA} = \int_0^{L_{SA}} M_{06SA} \cdot M_{16SA} \cdot \frac{1}{E \cdot J_{zSAx}} dx$$

EJ x e göre değiştiğinden normal integral yapılır.

$$\delta_{107SA} := \int_0^{L_{SA}} \frac{6 \cdot M_{06SA} \cdot M_{16SA}}{E \cdot t \cdot \left[b_A^3 \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x)^3 + t^2 \cdot h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x) + 3 \cdot h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x) \cdot \left[b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x) - t - b_c \right]^2 \right]} dx$$

$$\delta_{107SA} = -0.43 \text{ m}$$

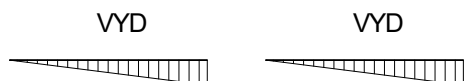
$$\delta_{10SA} := \delta_{101SA} + \delta_{102SA} + \delta_{103SA} + \delta_{104SA} + \delta_{105SA} + \delta_{106SA} + \delta_{107SA}$$

$$\delta_{10SA} = -2.093 \text{ m}$$

$$\delta_{11} = \delta_{111} + \delta_{112} + \delta_{113} + \delta_{114} + \delta_{115}$$

δ_{110A} nın değeri

VYD VYD



$$\delta_{111SA} = \int_0^{L_{SA}} M_{11SA} \cdot M_{11SA} dx$$

EJ x e göre değiştiğinden normal integral yapılır.

$$\delta_{111SA} := \int_0^{L_{SA}} \frac{6 \cdot M_{11SA} \cdot M_{11SA}}{E \cdot t \cdot \left[b_A^3 \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x)^3 + t^2 \cdot h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x) + 3 \cdot h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x) \cdot \left[b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x) - t - b_c \right]^2 \right]} dx$$

$$\delta_{111SA} = 5.763 \cdot \frac{\text{mm}}{\text{kN}}$$

δ_{112SA} nın değeri

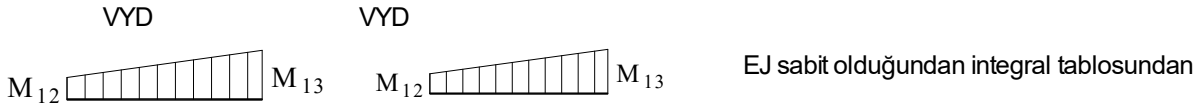
VYD VYD



EJ sabit olduğundan integral tablosundan

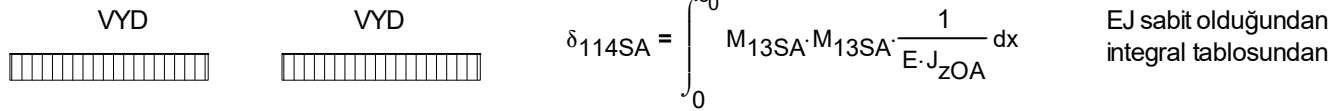
$$\delta_{112SA} := \frac{1}{6} \left[M_{11SA} \cdot (2 \cdot M_{11SA} + M_{12SA}) + M_{12SA} \cdot (M_{11SA} + 2 \cdot M_{12SA}) \right] \cdot \frac{s_{SA}}{E \cdot J_{zOA}}$$

$$\delta_{112SA} = 8.306 \cdot \frac{\text{mm}}{\text{kN}}$$

δ_{113SA} nın değeri

$$\delta_{113SA} := \frac{1}{6} \left[M_{12SA} \cdot (2 \cdot M_{12SA} + M_{13SA}) + M_{13SA} \cdot (M_{12SA} + 2 \cdot M_{13SA}) \right] \cdot \frac{s_{1SA}}{E \cdot J_{zOA}}$$

$$\delta_{113SA} = 4.313 \cdot \frac{\text{mm}}{\text{kN}}$$

 δ_{114SA} nın değeri

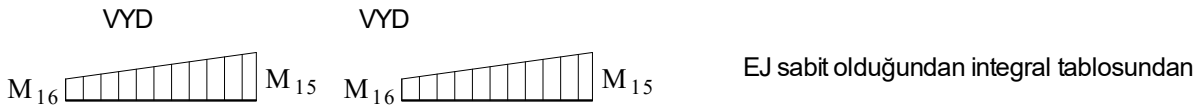
$$\delta_{114SA} := M_{13SA} \cdot M_{13SA} \cdot \frac{e_0}{E \cdot J_{zOA}}$$

$$\delta_{114SA} = 13.787 \cdot \frac{\text{mm}}{\text{kN}}$$

 δ_{115SA} nın değeri

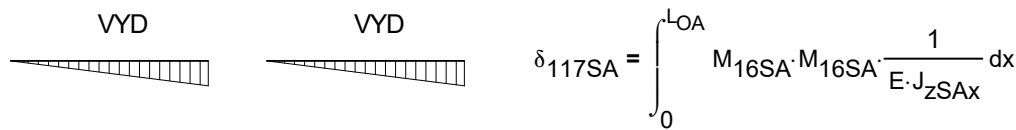
$$\delta_{115SA} := \frac{1}{6} \left[M_{15SA} \cdot (2 \cdot M_{15SA} + M_{14SA}) + M_{14SA} \cdot (M_{15SA} + 2 \cdot M_{14SA}) \right] \cdot \frac{s_{1SA}}{E \cdot J_{zOA}}$$

$$\delta_{115SA} = 0.004 \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{kN}}$$

 δ_{116SA} nın değeri

$$\delta_{116SA} := \frac{1}{6} \left[M_{16SA} \cdot (2 \cdot M_{16SA} + M_{15SA}) + M_{15SA} \cdot (M_{16SA} + 2 \cdot M_{15SA}) \right] \cdot \frac{s_{1SA}}{E \cdot J_{zOA}}$$

$$\delta_{116SA} = 3.149 \cdot \frac{\text{mm}}{\text{kN}}$$

 δ_{117SA} nın değeri

$$\delta_{117SA} := \int_0^{L_{SA}} \frac{6 \cdot M_{16SA} \cdot M_{16SA}}{E \cdot t \cdot \left[b_A^3 \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x)^3 + t^2 \cdot h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x) + 3 \cdot h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x) \cdot \left[b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x) - t - b_C \right]^2 \right]} dx$$

$$\delta_{117SA} = 5.763 \cdot \frac{\text{mm}}{\text{kN}}$$

$$\delta_{11SA} := \delta_{111SA} + \delta_{112SA} + \delta_{113SA} + \delta_{114SA} + \delta_{115SA} + \delta_{116SA} + \delta_{117SA}$$

$$\delta_{11SA} = 0.045 \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{kN}}$$

$$H_A = H_B = X_1$$

$$X_{1SA} := \frac{\delta_{10SA}}{\delta_{11SA}}$$

$$X_{1SA} = 46.1 \cdot \text{kN}$$

$$H_A := 2 \cdot X_{1SA}$$

$$H_A = 92.2 \cdot \text{kN}$$

$$H_B := 2 \cdot X_{1SA}$$

$$H_B = 92.2 \cdot \text{kN}$$

Çeşitli etkenlerden (Rüzgar, Frenleme, Kasılma gibi) bir dayanağı etkileyen yatay kuvvet

$$F_{yAlt} := 11 \cdot \text{kN}$$

Bir sabit ayağı etkileyen yatay kuvvet

$$F_{ySAAIt} := H_A + F_{yAlt}$$

$$F_{ySAAIt} = 103.2 \cdot \text{kN}$$

Bir sabit ayağı etkileyen eksenel kuvvet

$$F_{SAeks} := F_{ySAAIt} \cdot \sin(\alpha_{SA}) + F_{xÜ} \cdot \cos(\alpha_{SA})$$

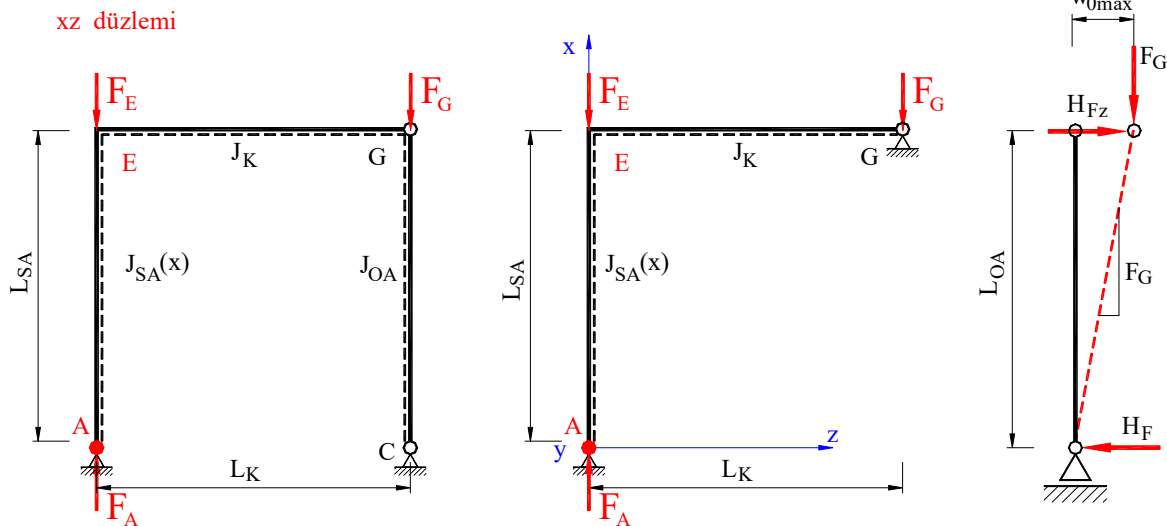
$$F_{SAeks} = 334 \cdot \text{kN}$$

Bir sabit ayağı etkileyen moment

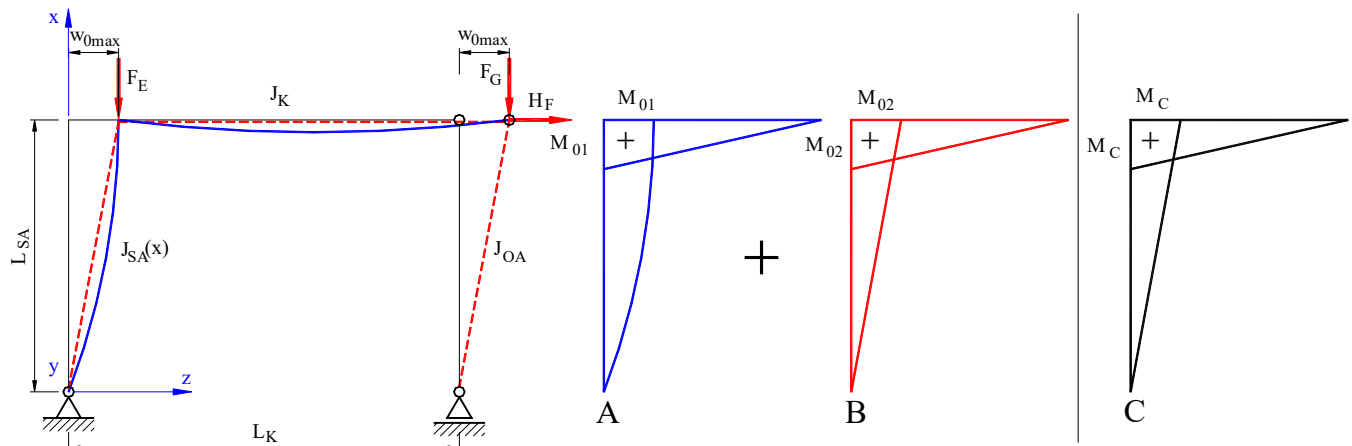
$$M_{SA} := F_{ySAAIt} \cdot o_{SA} - (F_{xÜ} \cdot a_S + F_{xÜ} \cdot c_{SA})$$

$$M_{SA} = 83.8 \cdot \text{kN} \cdot \text{m}$$

Vianelloya göre çözüm:

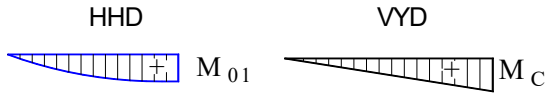


Sabit ayağın hesabı Vianello metodu ile xz düzlemine göre yapılır.



$$F_E \cdot w_{0\max} = H_F \cdot L_{SA} \quad H_F = \frac{F_E \cdot w_{0\max}}{L_{SA}} \quad w_{01} = w_{0\max} \text{ kabul edileceğinden } w_{0\max} \text{ ı hesaplamaya gerek yoktur.}$$

Sabit ayakta F_E etkili 1. sehim



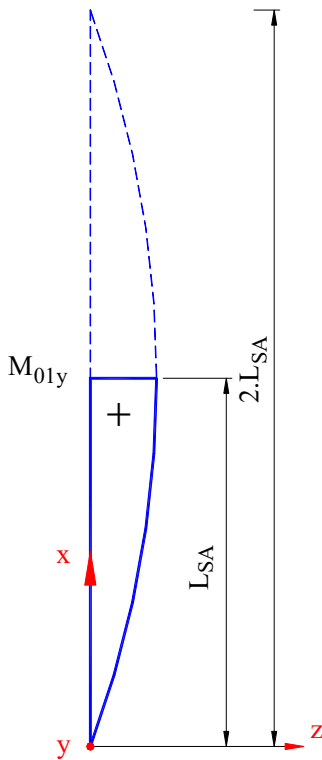
$$w_{11x} = \int_0^{L_{SA}} \frac{M_{01x} \cdot M_{Cx}}{E \cdot J_{ySAx}} dx$$

x e bağlı momentler:

$$M_{Cx} = \frac{x}{L_{SA}} \cdot L_{SA} = x$$

$$M_{01} = F_E \cdot w_{0\max}$$

Aşağıda hesaplanan M_{01x} değerini yerleştirelim ve $F_E \cdot w_{0\max}$ sabit olduğundan integralin dışına alalım



M_{01} dağılımı parabol olursa parabolün genel formülü:

$$M_{01x} = a \cdot x^2 + b \cdot x + c$$

$$M_{0ASx}(x=0) = 0$$

$$M_{0ASx}(x=L_{SA}) = F_E \cdot w_{0\max} \quad c = 0$$

$$M_{0ASx}(x=2 \cdot L_{SA}) = 0$$

Eğer $x=2 \cdot L_{SA}$ yerleştirirsek:

$$0 = (2 \cdot L_{SA})^2 a + 2 \cdot L_{SA} \cdot b$$

$$0 = 2 \cdot L_{SA} a + b$$

$$b = -2 \cdot a \cdot L_{SA} \quad x = L_{SA}$$

$$M_{01x} = a \cdot x^2 + b \cdot x + c$$

$$F_E \cdot w_{0\max} = a \cdot L_{SA}^2 + b \cdot L_{SA} + 0$$

$$F_E \cdot w_{0\max} = a \cdot L_{SA}^2 - 2 \cdot a \cdot L_{SA}^2$$

$$F_E \cdot w_{0\max} = -a \cdot L_{SA}^2$$

$$a = \frac{-F_E \cdot w_{0\max}}{L_{SA}^2}$$

$$b = -2 \cdot a \cdot L_{SA}$$

$$b = \frac{-2 \cdot F_E \cdot w_{0\max}}{L_{SA}}$$

x e bağlı parabol olarak dağılımlı moment:

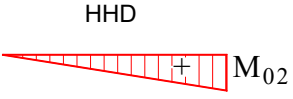
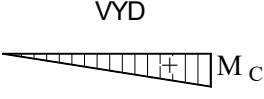
$$M_{01x} = -F_E \cdot w_{0\max} \cdot \left(\frac{x^2}{L_{SA}^2} + \frac{2 \cdot x}{L_{SA}} \right)$$

$$w_{11x} = \int_0^{L_{SA}} \frac{-F_E \cdot w_{0\max} \cdot \left(\frac{x^2}{L_{SA}^2} + \frac{2 \cdot x}{L_{SA}} \right) \cdot x}{E \cdot \frac{t}{6} \cdot [b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x) \cdot t^2 + [h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x)]^3 + 3 \cdot b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x) \cdot [h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x) + t]^2]} dx$$

$$w_{11x} = \int_0^{L_{SA}} \frac{\frac{x^3}{L_{SA}^2} + \frac{2 \cdot x^2}{L_{SA}}}{E \cdot \frac{t}{6} \cdot [b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x) \cdot t^2 + [h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x)]^3 + 3 \cdot b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x) \cdot [h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x) + t]^2]} dx$$

$$w_{11x} = 0.256 \cdot \frac{10^{-6}}{N}$$

Sabit ayağın H_F etkili 2. sehimi

HHD  VYD 

$w_{12x} = \int_0^{L_{SA}} \frac{M_{02x} \cdot M_{Cx}}{E \cdot J_{ySAx}} dx$ $M_C = \frac{x}{L_{SA}} \cdot L_{SA} = x$ xe bağlı momentler:

$M_{02} = H_F \cdot L_{SA} = F_E \cdot w_{0max}$ $M_{02x} = H_F \cdot x = \frac{x}{L_{SA}} \cdot F_E \cdot w_{0max}$ $w_{12x} = \int_0^{L_{SA}} \frac{\frac{x}{L_{SA}} \cdot F_E \cdot w_{0max} \cdot x}{E \cdot J_{ySAx}} dx$

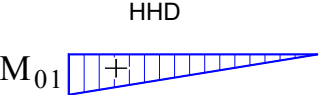
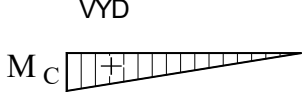
$$w_{12x} = \int_0^{L_{SA}} \frac{6 \cdot F_E \cdot w_{0max} \cdot \frac{x^2}{L_{SA}}}{E \cdot t \cdot [b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x) \cdot t^2 + [h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x)]^3 + 3 \cdot b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x) \cdot [h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x) + t]^2]} dx$$

$F_E \cdot w_{0max} = \text{sabit}$ olduğundan integralin dışına alalım.

$$w_{12x} := \int_0^{L_{SA}} \frac{6 \cdot x^2}{E \cdot t \cdot [b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x) \cdot t^2 + [h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x)]^3 + 3 \cdot b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x) \cdot [h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x) + t]^2] \cdot L_{SA}} dx$$

$$w_{12x} = 0.097 \cdot \frac{10^{-6}}{N}$$

EG Kirişinde F_E etkili 3. sehim

HHD  VYD 

$M_{01} = F_E \cdot w_{0max}$ $M_C = L_K$

$$w_{13} = \int_0^{L_K} \frac{M_{01} \cdot M_C}{E \cdot J_{yK}} dx$$

$E \cdot J_{yK} = \text{sabit}$

İntegral tablosundan

Üçgen + Üçgen

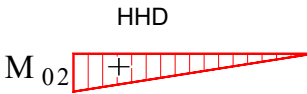
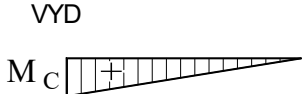
$$w_{13} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{F_E \cdot w_{0max} \cdot L_K^2}{E \cdot J_{yK}}$$

$F_E \cdot w_{0max} = \text{sabit}$ olduğundan integralin dışına alalım.

$$w_{13} := \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{L_K^2}{E \cdot J_{yK}}$$

$$w_{13} = 0.073 \cdot \frac{10^{-6}}{N}$$

EG Kirişinde H_F etkili 4. sehim

HHD  VYD 

$M_{02} = F_E \cdot w_{0max}$ $M_C = L_K$

$$w_{14} = \int_0^{L_K} \frac{M_{02} \cdot M_C}{E \cdot J_{yK}} dx$$

$E \cdot J_{yK} = \text{sabit}$ İntegral tablosundan
Üçgen + Üçgen

$$w_{14} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{F_E \cdot w_{0max} \cdot L_K^2}{E \cdot J_{yK}}$$

$F_E \cdot w_{0max}$ = sabit olduğundan integralin dışına alalım.

$$w_{14} := \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{L_K^2}{E \cdot J_{yK}}$$

$$w_{14} = 0.073 \cdot \frac{10^{-6}}{N}$$

$w_{01} = F_E \cdot w_{0max} \cdot (w_{11x} + w_{12x} + w_{13} + w_{14})$ $F_E = F_{kr}$ $w_{01} = w_{0max}$ kabul edersek

$$F_{kr} := \frac{1}{w_{11x} + w_{12x} + w_{13} + w_{14}}$$

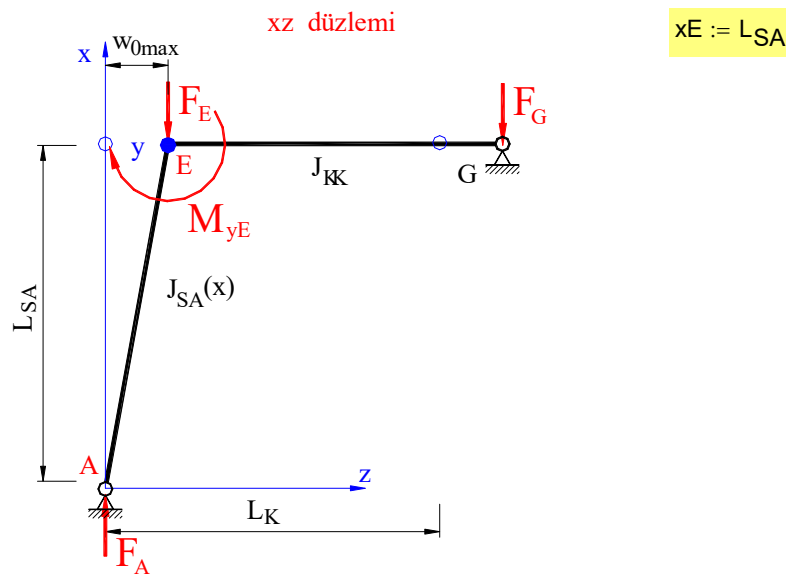
$$F_{kr} = 2000 \cdot kN$$

$$F_{SAeks} = 334 \cdot kN$$

Sonuç: Çubukta burkulma tehlikesi yoktur.

E Kesitinde mukavemet hesabı:

Eğilme momenti M_{yE}



$$J_{yE} := \frac{t}{6} \cdot \left[b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot xE) \cdot t^2 + h_A^3 \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot xE)^3 + 3b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot xE) \cdot \left[h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot xE) + t \right]^2 \right] \quad J_{yE} = 1920 \cdot 10^6 \cdot mm^4$$

$$W_{yE} := \frac{2 \cdot J_{yE}}{h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x) + 2 \cdot t} \quad W_{yE} = 4849 \cdot 10^3 \cdot mm^3$$

Eylemsizlik radyusu

$$i_{yE} := \sqrt{\frac{J_{yE}}{A_E}} \quad i_{yE} = 320.3 \cdot mm$$

Euler burkulma boyu

$$L_{ByE} := \sqrt{\frac{E \cdot J_{yE} \cdot \pi^2}{F_{kr}}} \quad L_{ByE} = 44.607 \cdot m$$

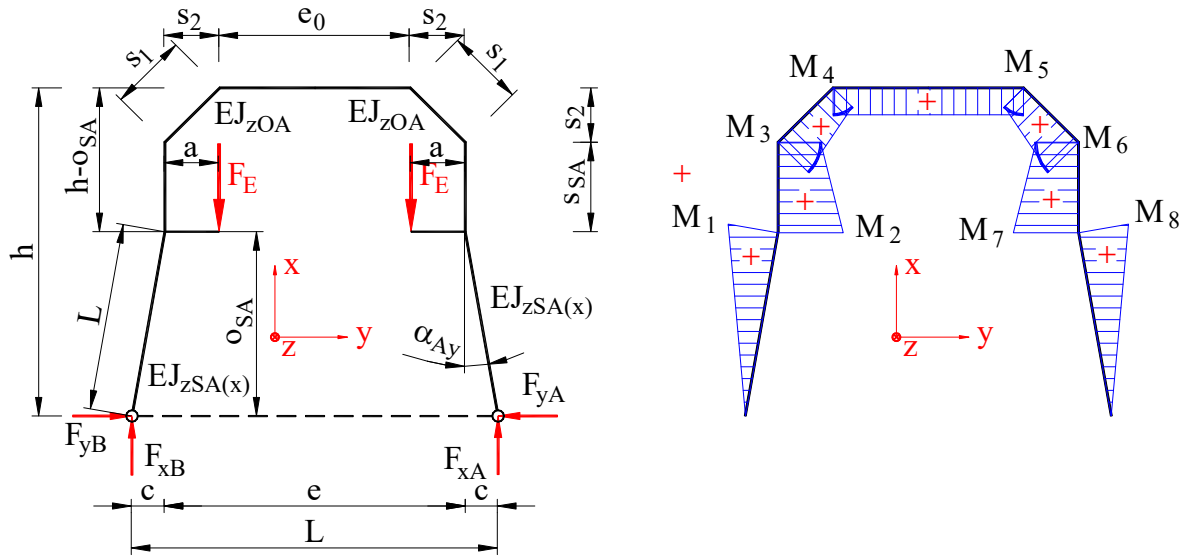
Akma narinliği

$$\lambda_{Ef} := \pi \cdot \sqrt{\frac{E}{f_y}} \quad \lambda_{Ef} = 93.913$$

Temel narinlik

$$\lambda_{yE} := \frac{L_{ByE}}{i_{yE}} \quad \lambda_{yE} = 139.278$$

Bağıntılı narinlik	$\lambda_{ByE} := \frac{\lambda_{yE}}{\lambda_{Ef}}$	$\lambda_{ByE} = 1.483$
Merkez noktası mesafesi	$k_{elyE} := \frac{W_{yE}}{A_E}$	$k_{elyE} = 259.03 \cdot \text{mm}$
Akma kuvveti	$F_{plE} := A_E \cdot f_{EM}$	$F_{plE} = 3999.3 \cdot \text{kN}$
Burkulma parametresi	$\alpha_B := 0.34$ Kaynaklı kutular her ekseninde.	
Max burkulma sehimi	$w_{ymaxE} := k_{elyE} \cdot \alpha_B \cdot (\lambda_{ByE} - 0.2)$	$w_{ymaxE} = 112.999 \cdot \text{mm}$
Burkulma yardımcı faktörü	$\varphi_{ByE} := 0.5 \cdot \left[1 + \alpha_B \cdot (\lambda_{ByE} - 0.2) + \lambda_{ByE}^2 \right]$	$\varphi_{ByE} = 1.82$
Azaltma faktörü	$\chi_{ByE} := \frac{1}{\varphi_{ByE} + \sqrt{\varphi_{ByE}^2 - \lambda_{ByE}^2}}$	$\chi_{ByE} = 0.349$
Kuvvetin mukavemet emniyeti	$S_{FyE} := \frac{F_{SAeks}}{\chi_{ByE} \cdot F_{plE}}$	$S_{FyE} = 0.240$
Plastikliğin en küçük momenti	$M_{plyE} := W_{yE} \cdot f_{EM}$	$M_{plyE} = 1035.9 \cdot \text{kN} \cdot \text{m}$
$F_{zSA} := F_{zAlt1}$	$F_{zSA} = 65 \cdot \text{kN}$	$M_{0yE} := 0 \cdot \text{kN} \cdot \text{m}$
	$M_{yE} := F_{zSA} \cdot o_{SA}$	$M_{yE} = 504.1 \cdot \text{kN} \cdot \text{m}$
$-1 \leq \psi_y \leq 1$	$\psi_{yE} := \frac{M_{0yE}}{M_{yE}}$	$\psi_{yE} = 0.000$
	$\beta_{MyE} := 1.8 - 0.7 \cdot \psi_{yE}$	$\beta_{MyE} = 1.8$
$\alpha_{pl} \geq 1$	$\alpha_{plyE} := \frac{M_{plyE}}{M_{yE}}$	$\alpha_{plyE} = 2.055$
$a_y \leq 0.8$	$a_{yxE} := \lambda_{ByE} \cdot (2 \cdot \beta_{MyE} - 4) + (\alpha_{plyE} - 1)$	$a_{yxE} = 0.462$
	$a_{yE} := \begin{cases} a_{yxE} & \text{if } a_{yxE} \leq 0.8 \\ 0.8 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$	$a_{yE} = 0.462$
$k_y \leq 1,5$	$k_{yxE} := 1 - \frac{F_{SAeks}}{\chi_{ByE} \cdot F_{plE}} \cdot a_{yE}$	$k_{yxE} = 0.889$
	$k_{yE} := \begin{cases} k_{yxE} & \text{if } k_{yxE} \leq 1.5 \\ 1.5 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$	$k_{yE} = 0.889$
	$S_{MyE} := \frac{M_{yE}}{M_{plyE}} \cdot k_{yE}$	$S_{MyE} = 0.433$

Eğilme momenti M_{zE} 

Konstrüksiyon resminden

$$c_1 := o_{SA} \cdot \tan(\alpha_{Ay})$$

$$F_{yB} := F_{ySA} \cdot t$$

$$c_1 = 1358 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$F_{xB} = 213.435 \cdot \text{kN}$$

$$F_{yB} = 103 \cdot \text{kN}$$

$$M_{zE} := F_{yB} \cdot o_{SA} - (F_{xB} \cdot a_S + F_{xB} \cdot c_{SA})$$

$$M_{zE} = 84 \cdot \text{kN} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$J_{zE} := \frac{t}{6} \cdot \left[b_A^3 \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot xE)^3 + t^2 \cdot h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot xE) + 3 \cdot h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot xE) \cdot \left[b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot xE) - t - b_C \right]^2 \right]$$

$$J_{zE} = 1840 \cdot 10^6 \cdot \text{mm}^4$$

$$W_{zE} := \frac{2 \cdot J_{zE}}{b_E}$$

$$W_{zE} = 4719 \cdot 10^3 \cdot \text{mm}^3$$

Eylemsizlik radyusu

$$i_{zE} := \sqrt{\frac{J_{zE}}{A_E}}$$

$$i_{zE} = 313.5 \cdot \text{mm}$$

Euler burkulma boyu

$$L_{BzE} := \sqrt{\frac{E \cdot J_{zE} \cdot \pi^2}{F_{kr}}}$$

$$L_{BzE} = 43.670 \text{ m}$$

Narinlik

$$\lambda_{zE} := \frac{L_{BzE}}{i_{zE}}$$

$$\lambda_{zE} = 139.278$$

Bağıntılı narinlik

$$\lambda_{BzE} := \frac{\lambda_{zE}}{\lambda_{Ef}}$$

$$\lambda_{BzE} = 1.483$$

Merkez noktası mesafesi

$$k_{elzE} := \frac{W_{zE}}{A_E}$$

$$k_{elzE} = 252.086 \cdot \text{mm}$$

Max burkulma sehimi

$$w_{zmaxE} := k_{elzE} \cdot \alpha_B \cdot (\lambda_{BzE} - 0.2)$$

$$w_{zmaxE} = 110 \cdot \text{mm}$$

Burkulma yardımcı faktörü

$$\varphi_{BzE} := 0.5 \cdot \left[1 + \alpha_B \cdot (\lambda_{BzE} - 0.2) + \lambda_{BzE}^2 \right]$$

$$\varphi_{BzE} = 1.82$$

Azaltma faktörü

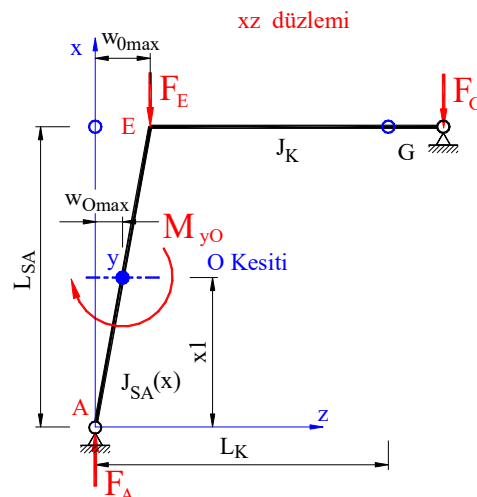
$$\chi_{BzE} := \frac{1}{\varphi_{BzE} + \sqrt{\varphi_{BzE}^2 - \lambda_{BzE}^2}}$$

$$\chi_{BzE} = 0.349$$

Kuvvetin mukavemet emniyeti	$S_{FzE} := \frac{F_{SAeks}}{\chi_{BzE} \cdot F_{pIE}}$	$S_{FzE} = 0.240$
Plastikliğin en küçük momentini	$M_{plzE} := W_{zE} \cdot f_{EM}$	$M_{plzE} = 1008.2 \cdot \text{kN} \cdot \text{m}$
	$M_{0zE} := F_{yB} \cdot o_{SA}$	$M_{0zE} = 794.9 \cdot \text{kN} \cdot \text{m}$
$-1 \leq \psi_z \leq 1$	$\psi_{zE} := \frac{M_{0zE}}{M_{zE}}$	$\psi_{zE} = 9.482$
	$\beta_{MzE} := 1.8 - 0.7 \cdot \psi_{zE}$	$\beta_{MzE} = -4.837$
$\alpha_{pl} > 1$	$\alpha_{plzE} := \frac{M_{plzE}}{M_{zE}}$	$\alpha_{plzE} = 12.026$
	$a_{zEx} := \lambda_{BzE} \cdot (2 \cdot \beta_{MzE} - 4) + (\alpha_{plzE} - 1)$	$a_{zEx} = -9.254$
	$a_{zE} := \begin{cases} a_{zEx} & \text{if } a_{zEx} \leq 0.8 \\ 0.8 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$	$a_{zE} = -9.254$
	$k_{zEx} := 1 - \frac{F_{xÜ}}{\chi_{BzE} \cdot F_{pIE}} \cdot a_{zE}$	$k_{zEx} = 3.135$
	$k_{zE} := \begin{cases} k_{zEx} & \text{if } k_{zEx} \leq 1.5 \\ 1.5 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$	$k_{zE} = 1.5$
	$S_{MzE} := \frac{M_{zE}}{M_{plzE}} \cdot k_{zE}$	$S_{MzE} = 0.125$
	$S_{Ey} := \frac{F_{SAeks}}{\chi_{ByE} \cdot F_{pIE}} + \frac{M_{yE}}{M_{plyE}} \cdot k_{yE} + \frac{M_{zE}}{M_{plzE}} \cdot k_{zE}$	$S_{Ey} = 0.797$
	$S_{Ez} := \frac{F_{SAeks}}{\chi_{BzE} \cdot F_{pIE}} + \frac{M_{yE}}{M_{plyE}} \cdot k_{yE} + \frac{M_{zE}}{M_{plzE}} \cdot k_{zE}$	$S_{Ez} = 0.797$

Sonuç: S_{Ey} ve S_{Ez} değerleri 1 den küçük olduğundan E kesitinin hesaplarına göre konstrüksiyon fonksiyonunu yapar.

O Kesitinde mukavemet hesabı:



$$x1 := 0.5 \cdot L_{SA}$$

$$x1 = 3900 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$z_O := 0.5 \cdot [h_A \cdot ((1 + k_h \cdot x1)) + t]$$

$$z_O = 273 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$J_{yO} := \frac{t}{6} \cdot \left[b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x1) \cdot t^2 + h_A^3 \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x1)^3 + 12 \cdot b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x1) \cdot z_O^2 \right]$$

$$J_{yO} = 640 \cdot 10^6 \cdot \text{mm}^4$$

$$W_{yO} := \frac{2 \cdot J_{yO}}{h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x1) + 2 \cdot t}$$

$$W_{yO} = 2320 \cdot 10^3 \cdot \text{mm}^3$$

$$A_O := 2 \cdot t \cdot [b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x1) + h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x1)]$$

$$A_O = 12960 \cdot \text{mm}^2$$

$$y_O := 0.5 \cdot [b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x1) - t] - b_C$$

$$y_O = 257 \cdot \text{mm}$$

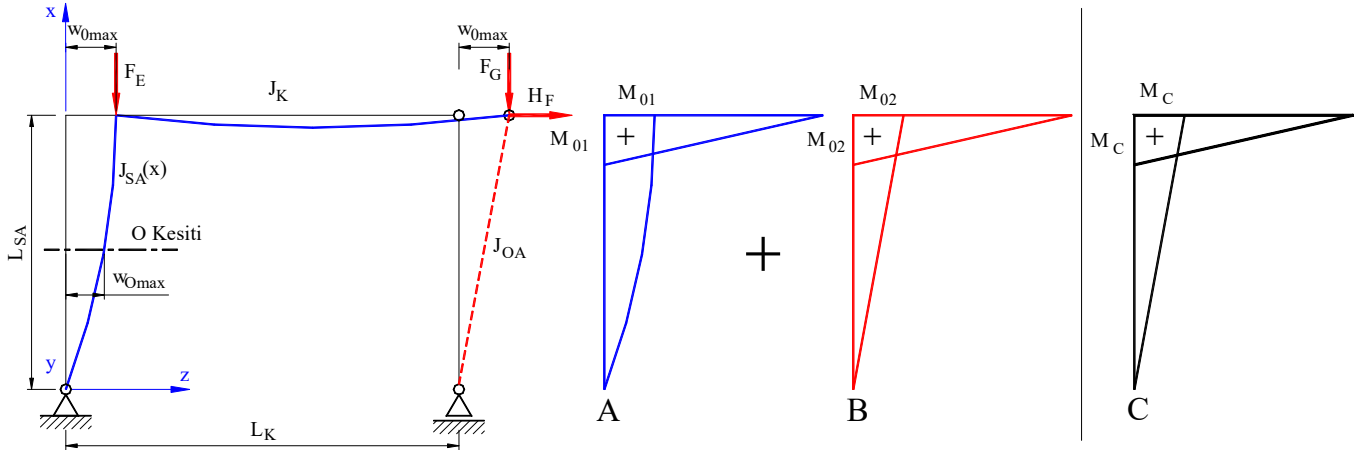
$$J_{zO} := \frac{t}{6} \cdot \left[b_A^3 \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x1)^3 + t^2 \cdot h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x1) + 12 \cdot h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x1) \cdot y_O^2 \right]$$

$$J_{zO} = 585 \cdot 10^6 \cdot \text{mm}^4$$

$$W_{zO} := \frac{2 \cdot J_{zO}}{b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x1)}$$

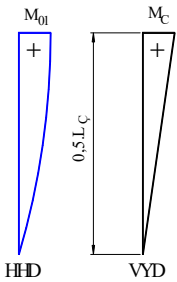
$$W_{zO} = 2168 \cdot 10^3 \cdot \text{mm}^3$$

O Kesitinde moment kontrolü:



$w_{O1} = w_{Omax}$ kabul edileceğinden w_{Omax} ı hesaplamaya gerek yoktur.

O Kesitinde sabit ayağın F_E etkili 1. sehim



$$w_{O1x} = \int_0^{L_{SA}} \frac{M_{01x} \cdot M_{Cx}}{E \cdot J_{yO}} dx$$

$x1$ e bağlı momentler:

$$M_{Cx} = \frac{2 \cdot x1}{L_{SA}} \cdot \frac{L_{SA}}{2} = x1$$

$$M_{01x} = F_E \cdot w_{Omax} \cdot f(x1)$$

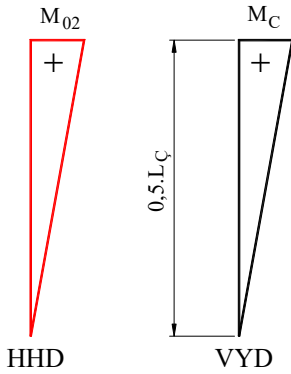
M_{01} dağılımı parabol olursa, parabolün genel formülünde değerleri yerleştirirsek:

$$w_{zO1x} = \int_0^{L_{SA}} \frac{\left(\frac{F_E \cdot w_{Omax}}{L_{SA}^2} \cdot x1^2 - \frac{2 \cdot F_E \cdot w_{Omax}}{L_{SA}} \cdot x1 \right) \cdot x1}{2 \cdot E \cdot \left[\frac{b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x1) \cdot t^3}{12} + \frac{t \cdot h_A^3 \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x1)^3}{12} + t \cdot b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x1) \cdot \left[0.5 \cdot [h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x1) + t] \right]^2 \right]} dx1$$

$$w_{zO1x} := \int_0^{\frac{L_{SA}}{2}} \frac{\frac{x_1^3}{L_{SA}^2} + \frac{2 \cdot x_1^2}{L_{SA}}}{2 \cdot E \cdot \left[\frac{b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x_1) \cdot t^3}{12} + \frac{t \cdot h_A^3 \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x_1)^3}{12} + t \cdot b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x_1) \cdot \left[0.5 \cdot \left[h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x_1) + t \right] \right]^2 \right]} dx_1$$

$$w_{zO1x} = 0.067 \cdot \frac{10^{-6}}{N}$$

O Kesitinde sabit ayağın H_F etkili 2. sehim



$$w_{zO2x} = \int_0^{\frac{L_{SA}}{2}} \frac{M_{O2x} \cdot M_{Cx}}{E \cdot J_{yx}} dx$$

x_1 e bağlı momentler:

$$M_C = \frac{2 \cdot x_1}{L_{SA}} \cdot \frac{L_{SA}}{2} = x_1$$

$$M_{O2x} = H_F \cdot x_1 = \frac{x_1}{L_{SA}} \cdot F_E \cdot w_{Omax}$$

$$w_{zO2x} = \int_0^{\frac{L_{SA}}{2}} \frac{\frac{x_1}{L_{SA}} \cdot F_E \cdot w_{Omax} \cdot x_1}{E \cdot J_{yx}} dx_1$$

$$w_{zO2x} = \int_0^{\frac{L_{SA}}{2}} \frac{F_E \cdot w_{Omax} \cdot \frac{x_1^2}{L_{SA}}}{2 \cdot E \cdot \left[\frac{b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x_1) \cdot t^3}{12} + \frac{t \cdot h_A^3 \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x_1)^3}{12} + t \cdot b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x_1) \cdot \left[0.5 \cdot \left[h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x_1) + t \right] \right]^2 \right]} dx$$

$F_E \cdot w_{Omax}$ = sabit olduğundan integralin dışına alalım.

$$w_{zO2x} := \int_0^{\frac{L_{SA}}{2}} \frac{\frac{x_1^2}{L_{SA}}}{2 \cdot E \cdot \left[\frac{b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x_1) \cdot t^3}{12} + \frac{t \cdot h_A^3 \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x_1)^3}{12} + t \cdot b_A \cdot (1 + k_b \cdot x_1) \cdot \left[0.5 \cdot \left[h_A \cdot (1 + k_h \cdot x_1) + t \right] \right]^2 \right]} dx$$

$$w_{zO2x} = 0.057 \cdot \frac{10^{-6}}{N}$$

$$w_{O1} = F_E \cdot w_{Omax} \cdot (w_{zO1x} + w_{zO2x})$$

$$F_E = F_{kr}$$

$$w_{O1} = w_{Omax}$$

kabul edersek

$$F_{krO} := \frac{1}{w_{zO1x} + w_{zO2x}}$$

$$F_{krO} = 8094 \cdot kN$$

$$F_{SAeks} = 334 \cdot kN$$

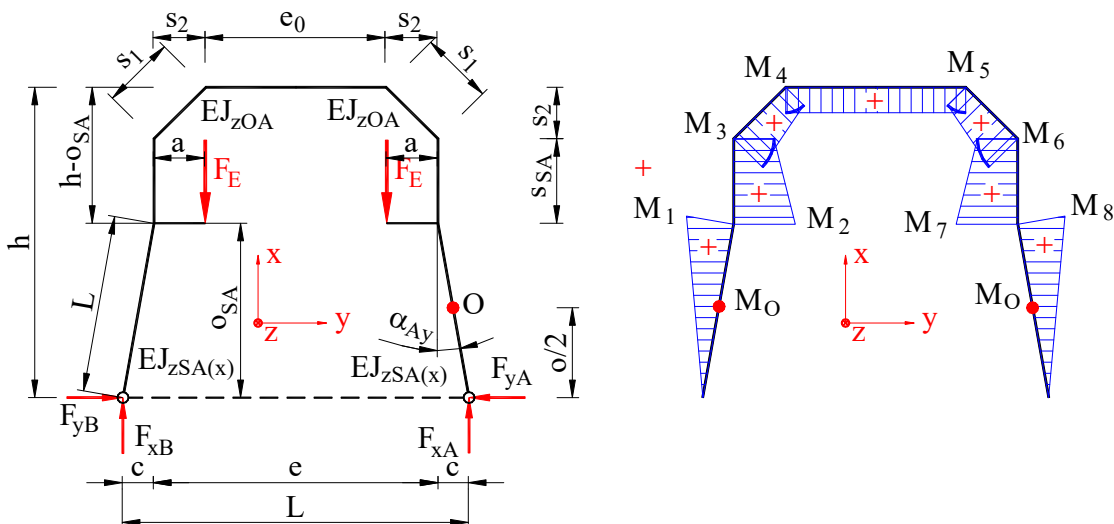
O Kesitinde burkulma tehlikesi yoktur.

O Kesitinde mukavemet hesabı

Eylemsizlik radyusu	$i_{yO} := \sqrt{\frac{J_{yO}}{A_O}}$	$i_{yO} = 222.3 \cdot \text{mm}$
Euler burkulma boyu	$L_{ByO} := \sqrt{\frac{E \cdot J_{yO} \cdot \pi^2}{F_{kr}}}$	$L_{ByO} = 25.761 \text{ m}$
Akma narinliği		
Narinlik	$\lambda_{yO} := \frac{L_{ByO}}{i_{yO}}$	$\lambda_{yO} = 115.886$
Bağıntılı narinlik	$\lambda_{ByO} := \frac{\lambda_{yO}}{\lambda_{Ef}}$	$\lambda_{ByO} = 1.234$
Merkez noktası mesafesi	$k_{elyO} := \frac{W_{yO}}{A_O}$	$k_{elyO} = 179.043 \cdot \text{mm}$
Akma kuvveti	$F_{pIO} := A_O \cdot f_{EM}$	$F_{pIO} = 2768.7 \cdot \text{kN}$
Burkulma parametresi	$\alpha_B = 0.34$ Kaynaklı kutular her ekseninde.	
Max burkulma sehimi	$w_{ymaxO} := k_{elyO} \cdot \alpha_B \cdot (\lambda_{ByO} - 0.2)$	$w_{ymaxO} = 62.943 \cdot \text{mm}$
Burkulma yardımcı faktörü	$\varphi_{ByO} := 0.5 \cdot \left[1 + \alpha_B \cdot (\lambda_{ByO} - 0.2) + \lambda_{ByO}^2 \right]$	$\varphi_{ByO} = 1.44$
Azaltma faktörü	$\chi_{ByO} := \frac{1}{\varphi_{ByO} + \sqrt{\varphi_{ByO}^2 - \lambda_{ByO}^2}}$	$\chi_{ByO} = 0.460$
Kuvvetin mukavemet emniyeti	$S_{FyO} := \frac{F_{xÜ}}{\chi_{ByO} \cdot F_{pIO}}$	$S_{FyO} = 0.253$
Eylemsizlik radyusu	$i_{zO} := \sqrt{\frac{J_{zO}}{A_O}}$	$i_{zO} = 212.5 \cdot \text{mm}$
Euler burkulma boyu	$L_{BzO} := \sqrt{\frac{E \cdot J_{zO} \cdot \pi^2}{F_{kr}}}$	$L_{BzO} = 24.631 \text{ m}$
Narinlik	$\lambda_{zO} := \frac{L_{BzO}}{i_{zO}}$	$\lambda_{zO} = 115.886$
Bağıntılı narinlik	$\lambda_{BzO} := \frac{\lambda_{zO}}{\lambda_{Ef}}$	$\lambda_{BzO} = 1.234$
Merkez noktası mesafesi	$k_{elzO} := \frac{W_{zO}}{A_O}$	$k_{elzO} = 167.319 \cdot \text{mm}$
Max burkulma sehimi	$w_{zmaxO} := k_{elzO} \cdot \alpha_B \cdot (\lambda_{BzO} - 0.2)$	$w_{zmaxO} = 58.821 \cdot \text{mm}$
Burkulma yardımcı faktörü	$\varphi_{BzO} := 0.5 \cdot \left[1 + \alpha_B \cdot (\lambda_{BzO} - 0.2) + \lambda_{BzO}^2 \right]$	$\varphi_{BzO} = 1.44$

Azaltma faktörü	$\chi_{BzO} := \frac{1}{\varphi_{BzO} + \sqrt{\varphi_{BzO}^2 - \lambda_{BzO}^2}}$	$\chi_{BzO} = 0.460$
Kuvvetin mukavemet emniyeti	$S_{FzO} := \frac{F_{xÜ}}{\chi_{BzO} \cdot F_{plO}}$	$S_{FzO} = 0.253$
Plastikliğin en küçük momenti	$M_{plyO} := W_{yO} \cdot f_{EM}$	$M_{plyO} = 495.7 \cdot \text{kN} \cdot \text{m}$
	$M_{yO} := F_{xÜ} \cdot w_{y\max O}$	$M_{yO} = 20.246 \cdot \text{kN} \cdot \text{m}$
	$\psi_{yO} := \frac{M_{yA}}{M_{yO}}$	$\psi_{yO} = 0.000$
$-1 \leq \psi_y \leq 1$	$\beta_{MyO} := 1.8 - 0.7 \cdot \psi_{yO}$	$\beta_{MyO} = 1.8$
$\alpha_{pl} \geq 1$	$\alpha_{plyO} := \frac{M_{plyO}}{M_{yO}}$	$\alpha_{plyO} = 24.485$
$a_y \leq 0.8$	$a_{yxO} := \lambda_{ByO} \cdot (2 \cdot \beta_{MyO} - 4) + (\alpha_{plyO} - 1)$	$a_{yxO} = 22.991$
	$a_{yO} := \begin{cases} a_{yxO} & \text{if } a_{yxO} \leq 0.8 \\ 0.8 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$	$a_{yO} = 0.8$
$k_y \leq 1.5$	$k_{yxO} := 1 - \frac{F_{xÜ}}{\chi_{ByO} \cdot F_{plO}} \cdot a_{yO}$	$k_{yxO} = 0.798$
	$k_{yO} := \begin{cases} k_{yxO} & \text{if } k_{yxO} \leq 1.5 \\ 1.5 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$	$k_{yO} = 0.798$
	$S_{MyO} := \frac{M_{yO}}{M_{plyO}} \cdot k_{yO}$	$S_{MyO} = 0.033$

Eğilme momenti M_{zO}



$$M_{zO} := 0.5 \cdot M_{zE}$$

$$M_{zO} = 42 \cdot \text{kN} \cdot \text{m}$$

Plastikliğin en küçük momentini

$$M_{plzO} := W_{zO} \cdot f_{EM}$$

$$M_{plzO} = 463.3 \cdot \text{kN} \cdot \text{m}$$

$$-1 \leq \psi_z \leq 1$$

$$\psi_{zO} := \frac{M_{zO}}{M_{zO}}$$

$$\psi_{zO} = 1.000$$

$$\beta_{MzO} := 1.8 - 0.7 \cdot \psi_{zO}$$

$$\beta_{MzO} = 1.1$$

$$\alpha_{pl} > 1$$

$$\alpha_{plzO} := \frac{M_{plzO}}{M_{zO}}$$

$$\alpha_{plzO} = 11.053$$

$$a_{zOx} := \lambda_{BzO} \cdot (2 \cdot \beta_{MzO} - 4) + (\alpha_{plzO} - 1)$$

$$a_{zOx} = 7.831$$

$$a_{zO} := \begin{cases} a_{zOx} & \text{if } a_{zOx} \leq 0.8 \\ 0.8 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$a_{zO} = 0.8$$

$$k_{zOx} := 1 - \frac{F_{xÜ}}{\chi_{BzO} \cdot F_{plO}} \cdot a_{zO}$$

$$k_{zOx} = 0.798$$

$$k_{zO} := \begin{cases} k_{zOx} & \text{if } k_{zOx} \leq 1.5 \\ 1.5 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$k_{zO} = 0.798$$

$$S_{MzO} := \frac{M_{zO}}{M_{plzO}} \cdot k_{zO}$$

$$S_{MzO} = 0.072$$

$$S_{yO} := \frac{F_{SAeks}}{\chi_{ByO} \cdot F_{plO}} + \frac{M_{yO}}{M_{plyO}} \cdot k_{yO} + \frac{M_{zO}}{M_{plzO}} \cdot k_{zO}$$

$$S_{yO} = 0.367$$

$$S_{zO} := \frac{F_{SAeks}}{\chi_{BzO} \cdot F_{plO}} + \frac{M_{yO}}{M_{plyO}} \cdot k_{yO} + \frac{M_{zO}}{M_{plzO}} \cdot k_{zO}$$

$$S_{zO} = 0.367$$

Sonuç: S_{yO} ve S_{zO} değerleri 1 den küçük olduğundan x_1 kesitinin hesaplarına göre konstrüksiyon fonksiyonunu yapar.

O kesitinin emniyetli mukavet değerine göre kontrolü:

$$\sigma_{heO} := \frac{F_{SAeks}}{A_O} + \frac{M_{yO}}{W_{yO}} + \frac{M_{zO}}{W_{zO}}$$

$$\sigma_{heO} = 54 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$f_{EM} = 214 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$k_{EMO} := \frac{\sigma_{heO}}{f_{EM}}$$

$$k_{EMO} = 0.25$$

E kesitinin emniyetli mukavet değerine göre kontrolü:

$$\sigma_{heE} := \frac{F_{SAeks}}{A_E} + \frac{M_{yE}}{W_{yE}} + \frac{M_{zE}}{W_{zE}}$$

$$\sigma_{heE} = 140 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$f_{EM} = 214 \cdot \text{MPa}$$

$$k_{EME} := \frac{\sigma_{heE}}{f_{EM}}$$

$$k_{EME} = 0.65$$

Sonuç: Sistemin emniyetli mukavet değerine göre kontrolündede görüldüğü gibi konstrüksiyon fonksiyonunu yapar.

Sabit ayak ağırlığı:

Tolerans ve kaynak katsayısı

$$k_{tol} := 1.03$$

$$b_A = 0.3 \text{ m}$$

$$b_E = 0.78 \text{ m}$$

$$b_{SA} := 0.5 \cdot (b_A + b_E)$$

$$b_{SA} = 0.54 \text{ m}$$

$$A_b := b_{SA} \cdot L_{SA}$$

$$A_b = 4.212 \text{ m}^2$$

$$h_A = 0.3 \text{ m}$$

$$h_E = 0.78 \text{ m}$$

$$h_{SA} := 0.5 \cdot (h_A + h_E)$$

$$h_{SA} = 0.54 \text{ m}$$

$$A_h := h_{SA} \cdot L_{SA}$$

$$A_h = 4.212 \text{ m}^2$$

$$F_b := 2 \cdot b_{SA} \cdot L_{SA} \cdot t \cdot \rho_{St} \cdot g$$

$$g = 9.807 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$F_b = 3890.9 \text{ N}$$

$$F_h := 2 \cdot h_{SA} \cdot L_{SA} \cdot t \cdot \rho_{St} \cdot g$$

$$F_h = 3890.9 \text{ N}$$

Perde adedi: $n_{Pex} := \frac{L_{SA}}{m} - 1$

$$n_{Pex} = 6.8$$

$$n_{Pe} := 7$$

$$F_{Pe} := [b_{SA} - 2 \cdot (b_{\zeta} + t)] \cdot (h_{SA} - 20 \cdot \text{mm}) \cdot t \cdot \rho_{St} \cdot n_{Pe} \cdot g$$

$$F_{Pe} = 854.1 \text{ N}$$

Alt bağlantı kapağı ağırlık kuvveti:

Konstrüksiyondan:

$$b_{Ba} := 250 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$h_{Ba} := 400 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$t_{Ba} := 20 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$F_{aBa} := b_{Ba} \cdot h_{Ba} \cdot t_{Ba} \cdot \rho_{St} \cdot g$$

$$F_{aBa} = 154 \cdot \text{N}$$

Üst bağlantı kapağı ağırlık kuvveti:

Konstrüksiyondan:

$$b_{Bü} := 1140 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$h_{Bü} := 800 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$t_{Bü} := 20 \cdot \text{mm}$$

$$F_{üBa} := b_{Bü} \cdot h_{Bü} \cdot t_{Bü} \cdot \rho_{St} \cdot g$$

$$F_{üBa} = 1404 \cdot \text{N}$$

Sabit bir ayağın toplam ağırlık kuvveti:

$$F_{SAg} := (F_b + F_h + F_{Pe} + F_{aBa} + F_{üBa}) \cdot k_{tol}$$

$$F_{SAg} = 10.5 \cdot \text{kN}$$

$$m_{SA} := F_{SAg} \cdot g^{-1}$$

$$m_{SA} = 1071 \text{ kg}$$

Sabit ayak rüzgar alanı:

y eksenine dik bir ayak alanı:

$$A_{SAyRüx} := (h_{SA} + 2 \cdot t) \cdot L_{SA}$$

$$A_{SAyRüx} = 4.306 \text{ m}^2$$

z eksenine dik bir ayak alanı:

$$A_{SAzRüx} := b_{SA} \cdot L_{SA}$$

$$A_{SAzRüx} = 4.21 \text{ m}^2$$

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